

ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA. SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1875.

THE ANNALS OF ALEXANDRIA.-Mr. Carne's Annals of Alexandria were intermitted last Saturday to give time for additions to some of the chapters of the current series. They will appear regularly on Saturdays hereafter.

FRANCE. - In the French Assembly, yester day, M. Buffet read a declaration on behalf of the new Ministry, to the effect that its policy would be distinctly conservative and devoid of characteristics either of provocation or weakness. This statement was made, he said, to reassure the industrious and orderly population. The Government renews confidently the President's appeal for the support of moderate men of all parties. M. Buffet continued-We have the greatest confidence in the experienced administrative staff, who may rely on our constant support. It will be said the promise to prevent factions and intrigues was an essential feature of the programme, and he urged that the new Government be judged by its acts. It was the duty of the Cabinet to ensure obedience and respect for the constitutional laws. and we are resolved to defend them against all intrigues. But we shall never pursue a vindictive policy. Firm, but conciliatory conduct is alone suitable to the state of things produced by our misfortunes. Would we not strike the last blow against the power of France if we exhibited to the world a spectacle of internal dis sension? The Government will be unable to raise the state of siege until the press laws are modified, and a bill in this connection will be submitted. The declaration asks that the present law regarding the appointment of Mayors be continued for a stated period, and concludes by challenging a vote of want of confidence. The declaration was received with icy coldness by the Assembly. There was no manifestation either of satisfaction or dissent. The Left was at first irritated at the omission of all mention of the Republic, and at the passage concerning public functions and the raising of the state of siege.

PINCHBACK .- The Pinchback debate in the the Senate yesterday was participated in by Messrs, McCreery, Saulsbury and Christiancy, all against the admission. The argument of Judge Christiancy, who is the successor of Mr. Chandler, was listened to with attention by the whole Senate. It was a calm, dispassionate legal paper, and carried much weight with it. Its exposition of the untenable grounds on which Pinchback's claim rests was very damaging to the prospects of that individual, and it seemed to be generally conceded that he would not be admitted. Pinchback has received one recruit in the person of Senator Alcorn, of Mississippi. Mr. Alcora, as a member of the committee on privileges and elections, has since the inception of the Kellogg usurpation, always voted against any recognition of it, and against any report in favor of the admission of Pinchback. It is now given out that his change of front is because Kellogg has been recognized by the House of Representatives. The real reson is supposed to be that Alcorn, who is a candidate for re-election. and who has now a colored colleague to watch him, hopes to keep on the blind side of the colored members of the Mississippi Legislature by voting for Pinchback. Yesterday an agreement was effected among Senators that the vote on Pinchback's case shall be taken not later than Tuesday next. Governor Whyte, of Maryland, will speak on the subject to-day.

THE STATE DEBT .- The Richmond Whig says :- "The Legislature has been in session about a hundred days; in twenty more it will have reached the extremest limit of time allowed it by the constitution; and as yet there is no movement toward such an understanding as to the public debt as will enable both the Commonwealth and her creditors to know what they may expect, and to give assurance to the world that all confusion, dissension and uncertainty on this subject is at an end. It is impossible to say whether Virginia can pay six, or four, or three per ct. interest. But there is one thing she can say, and can do. She can provide that every dollar left over after the payment of her necessary expenses for the maintenance of the government of the State, shall be regularly paid to her creditors. This is a plain proposition; it is so simple that nobody can misunderstand it; and it is so just and so fair that we cannot see how or where objection can be made

COMPLAINT DISMISSED. -The complaint of four negroes against Cal Wagner, of Montgomery, Alabama, for not admitting them to his minstrel entertainment, as noticed in yesterday's Gazette, was heard before United States Commissioner Dimmick yesterday. Defendant's counsel moved to quash the compaint for imperfection in the complaint in various particulars and on the ground of unconstitutionality of the Civil Rights bill. The United States District Attorney for the complainants contended that this was a political question. The Commissioner quashed the complaint, but gave no opinion in the matter. It is understood that the negroes are trying to get up another complaint that will be sustained.

In commenting upon the amendment proposed to the Tax bill in the House of Delegates, whereby the tax on land is diminished to forty cents if paid in "lawful money," (a notice of which appeared in yesterday's Gazette), the Richmond Dispatch says: "The effeet of the amendment will simply be to reduce the value of the coupon. If the country people can buy coupons at seventy cents in the dollar they will pay their taxes in coupons in preference to what is to be pronounced lawful money.' In the meantime the people of the cities will get the advantage of the diminished value of the coupon, and the State Treasury will sustain a heavy loss of revenue, and there will be no diminution of the aggregate amount of coupous paid into the Treasury. Every expedient that may be adopted for the purpose of inducing the people to pay taxes in some thing else than coupons only bears down the value of the coupons without excluding them from the Treasury.'

General Hawley opened the campaign in

unnecessary in time of peace. In answer to a question by a Democratic journal as to his views about the "third term" idea, he thought it was hardly a matter for serious consideration. It has become a part of the unwritten law of the country that no person should have more than two terms in the Presidential office, and on general principles he was opposed to a third Presidential term.

The debate over the resolution for the admission of Pinchback as a Senator from Louisiana was continued in the United States Senate, vesterday. Mr. McCreery made an argument against the resolution and Mr. Morton replied. Mr. Christiancy, the new Senator from Michigan, also spoke against the resolution. A memorial was presented from the children of the late William K. Sebastian, of Arkansas, asking that the resolution for his expulsion from the Senate in 1861 be rescinded on the ground that he was a "consistent Union man to the day of his death.

At a meeting held in Staunton, a few days ago, to consider the best means of promoting manufactures in that place, Judge Hugh W. Sheffey said "that the fundamental principle of public economy was that a community that doesn't make anything to sell cannot get rich, and one that borrows money and can't make enough to pay the interest on it must get poor. The lawyers and preachers and doctors and mechanics in a community are all valuable, but they don't make it rich from the mere fact of their being there"-which is as true as preach-

It is now stated that the settlement of the affair of the Virginius was not a matter of treaty, but took the form of a convention between the two countries, which does not require any action on the part of the Senate. Spain is to pay eighty thousand dollars indemnity and to abandon any claims against the the United States, thus closing the question. This formed a part of the arrangement of, and was connected with, the recognition of the new Spanish menarchy.

Messrs, Creswell, Leipold and Purvis, Com missioners, appointed ta wind up the Affairs of the Freedmen's Bank and to distribute the assets among the depositors have resigned. They complain that Congress failed to come to their assistance with the necessary legislation, and that under existing laws they can do but little towards carrying out the purposes for which the Commission was created.

The Manassas Gazette appounces that Judge Charles E. Sinclair has withdrawn his name as editor of that paper, on account of his professional duties, but will still be a contributor to its editorial columns. It further says that Judge S. is spoken of by his friends as a candidate for the State Senate, and will consent to run if

Messrs. Simpson & Ford have disposed of the Fairfax News to T. H. Brooke, of Caroline county, and that paper will hereafter be edited by Dr. Thomas Foster, assisted by Mr. Brooke. Mr. Simpson has edited the News with ability, and we wish his successors abun-

Ex-Postmaster General Creswell will, in a day or two, resign his position as counsellor for the United States before the Alabama Claims Commission. He contemplates a visit to Europe in an unofficial capacity. He will be succeeded by ex Senator Carpenter, of Wis-

The North Carolina State Senate, yesterday, by a vote of 37 to 12, passed the restricted Convention bill, such Convention to convene en the 6th of September, 1875. The bill goes to the House to-day, and will most prob-

The first number of the Fredericksburg Weekly Independent made its appearance yesterday, filled with excellent reading matter and well printed. It is published by Messrs. R. B. Berrey and John A. Tierney, and has our best wishes for its success.

It is very evident that Butler means to make a desperate effort to get back to Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Buffinton. From such an infliction, good Lord deliver us!

The Charlottesville Woolen mills, company propose to issue \$20,000 of bonds secured by mortgage on their property, in order to raise money to increase their facilities for manufacturing and enlarging their business operations.

The Richmond Whig can see no reason for extending the session of the Legislature beyond a week or ten days, yet it says there is little probability that it will be brought to a close before the expiration of the present month.

The President has received a letter from Gen. Schenck, in which the latter, on the plea of pressing private business demanding his attention at home, asks to be recalled from Eng-

Up to this time the standing committees of twenty-four dioceses have voted upon the question of confirming Dr. De Koven as Bishop of Illinois, and only eight have voted in his favor.

The Hawaiian treaty has been laid over in the Senate till Wednesday next.

FAIRFAX ITEMS. - On Tuesday last constable Charles Landstreet, from Mount Verson Township, brought to jail a negro boy named Wm White, aged about twenty years, charged with breaking into the house of Jerry Stokes and stealing therefrom a lot of clothing belonging to the said Stokes, on the 25th of August last. He will remain in jail until the June Circuit

J. W. Dear, of the Red Cloud Indian Agency, Wyoming Territory, arrived in our village yes terday. Mr. Dear is a native of Fairfax county and is here on a visit to his relatives and

A mad dog was killed Wednesday by Mr. Wm. H. Fox. on his farm, a few miles north of the Court House.

The March term of the County Court will be held here on Monday next, the 15th inst.-Fairfax News.

Every species of suake may be permanently driven away from an infested place by planting geraniums. It is well known that the whole

NEWS OF THE DAY. "To show the very age and body of the Times"

A singular case of kidnapping occurred in Georgetown on Thursday. A mulatto woman took a child six weeks old from the arms of its nurse as she was carrying it along the street, hastened to the Washington depot of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, and took passage for Baltimore. She was followed by detectives yesterday morning, but was accidentally met on the street by Deputy Marshal Frey and arrested before the detectives had time to look for her. The woman and the baby were sent back to Washington. It is probable there are some facts in the case that have not yet come to light.

Some days since a dispatch from Philadelphia gave an account of the absconding of two young girls of respectable parentage from their homes, for the pupose of going upon the stage in some other city. A dispatch received last night says that the girls came to Baltimore, that they were discovered there and sent back to their parents. The Baltimore police authorities refuse to give any information on the subject.

The Rome Voce Di Verita says the Pope confers the Cardinal's hat on Archbishop Mc Closkey, not only on account of the personal merits of that prelate, but because the Holy See is desirous of honoring the Catholies of America and of marking the progress of Catholicism in the United States.

In regard to the gold-hunting expeditions to the Black Hills, General Sherman says that they will be prevented from entering the region, if possible, and if any any get there they will be driven out. The integrity of the treaty with the Indians will be maintained at all

An insane man blew his brains out on a train on the Northern Railway, New Hampsbire, yesterday, and another passenger becoming faint at witnessing the fatal deed, went on the platform for air, and fell off, receiving fatal in-

The National Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia yesterday closed the doors of its offices. The Company is embarrassed, and the officers have suspended business in order to make a thorough examination of accounts and ascertain the true condition of affairs.

The official returns of the New Hampshire election are nearly all in, and the Republicans will, it is stated, have a majority of eight or nine in the Legislature on joint ballot. This will insure the election of Mr. Cheney as

A Hartford telegram says that the statement that the Standing Committee of the diocese of Connecticut had voted to rej ct Dr. DeKoven and to confirm Dr. Jaggar was incorrect. It has not yet taken action in either case.

A general suspension of the wool hat factories in this city of Reading is announced to take place on the 17th of April, owing to the large stock on hand and the dullness of the

The Supreme Court of the State of New York, general term, yesterday affirmed the decision of the Court below, denying the discharge of Wm. M. Tweed on habeas corpus.

PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY ITEMS - Several new settlers have arrived here since the first of the present year and taken up their residence in this county. Among the number are the following substantial men and their families: Mr. George Glore from near Buffalo, and John Evans, of Alleghany county, N. Y., have jointly purchased the John Johnson tract of land, near Manassas, containing 102 acres. Mr. Robert Maxwell, of Philadelphia, has purchased the farm of Mr. Henry Bryant, near this place, containing 65 acres. Mr. Histed, of Alleghany county, N. Y., has purchased the farm adjoining the land of Messrs. Weedon, Brenton, Bradfield and others, near Manassas, belonging to Edson Eaton, of New York, containing 120 acres.

Messis. L G Prescott & Son, are now engaged in shipping hickory lumber, manufactured in this place, to Amesberry, Mass., there to be used in the manufacture of carriage stock. This lumber is of a very superior quality, such as abounds in great quantities in this State. The logs are brought here from the neighboring woodlands and sawed into one and ahalf It is stated by persons who live in the upper

portion of Prince William, that thousands of dead crows are found in the pines where they are in the habit of roosting, and that many are killed with sticks in the hands of men and boys. It is supposed the severe winter has deprived them of sufficient food, and that they are dying from starvation. Edward Stewart Trot, colored, who was ar-

rested a week or two ago on a charge of attempting to burn the barn of his employer, Mr. Wm. H. Dogan, is now supposed to be a lunatic, and will be examined to-day in the jail at Brentsville, with a view to ascertain the condition of his mind. Justice A. F. Woodyard held an inquest

over the body of Mrs. Mary Cornwell, an aged lady, who was found dead in her bed on Tuesday morning last at her residence in Coles Township where she lived alone. The verdict of the jury was that she died from natural causes. Mr. G. F. Trimmer, while engaged at his

father's steam saw mills, in this place, on Tuesday last, had the little finger on his left hand so terribly mutilated by striking it against the large saw while in motion, that amputation at the third joint was necessary. Here in Manassas the headquarters of radi

calism, in this section of the State, the colored people, the majority of whom, were born and raised here, have as yet made no public demonstration of a desire to make themselves more offensive than usual. Mr. A. F. Woodyard, jailor, has received in-

formation from the Eastern Lunatic Asylum at Williamsburg, Va., that they will receive Charles Crump, who has been adjudged a luna-tic, on the 7th of April. A bill has been passed in one branch of the

Legislature to rearrange the terms of the 11th Judicial circuit which gives Prince William but two terms, May and October. Mrs. E. E. Johnson, living pear Manassas.

had a valuable ewe and lamb killed by dogs on Tuesday night last. Some of our citizens are beginning to plant out shade trees. - Manussas Gazette.

A correspondent of the Scientific American says: The best simple remedy I have found for surface wounds, such as cuts, abrasions of the skin, &c., is charcoal. Take a live coal from the stove, pulverize it, apply it to the wound and cover the whole with a ray. The charcoal absorbs the fluids secreted by the

wound, and lays the foundation of the scab;

it also prevents the rag from irritating the

flesh, and it is antiseptic. Some French ladies, friends of the Empress Eugenie, bave lately been working for her a splendid carpet. It is composed of a number of squares, each of which contains the armorial bearings of the fair worker's husband or father. The squares, when they are all finished, are to be joined together by bands of gold the same parties are called upon for their taxes, cloth, embroidered with violets, the symbol of until the collectors are forced to stop the rent the dynasty of Napoleon.

DRAMATIC READINGS. - Mrs. Murat Willis Hartford, Connecticut, last night. The explanation of the Force bill, which he voted against, because he deemed the existing laws sufficient, and because it conferred extraordinary powers upon the President, which were pent tribe.

How they should reduce the expenses of the expenses of

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill to encourage intermediate grades in public schools was

A communication was received from the First Auditor, giving his construction of the 64th and 65th sections of the assessment and tax bill as to tax upon toll bridges, etc. A petition of the citizens of Staunton was

presented asking that the constitution of the State be so amended as to obtain exemption from taxation for a limited period on capital invested in manufactures. A bill was presented amending the act au-

thorizing the Auditor of Public Accounts to sell the three steam tug boats used in collectng the oyster revenue of the State. It was reported inexpedient to legislate on

the House bill appointing commissioners of

transportation and defining their duties and The Senate bill authorizing a subscription by the city of Richmoud to the capital stock of the Richmond and Trans-Alleghany Narrow-

was reported. The bill authorizing the James River and Kanawha Canal Company to execute a mortgage and to subscribe to the capital stock of the Buchanan and Clifton Forge Railway Company, and to authorize the city of Richmond to guarantee such subscription in whole or in

part, was reported. The bill dividing the Thirteenth judicial circuit and creating a new one, to be called the Eighteenth circuit, was debated till adjourn-

In the House of Delegates the bill incorporating the Old Dominion Telegraph Company

was read the first time. The Committee on Finance reported that it was inexpedient to legislate on the subject of increasing the compensation of justices of the

The Sepate bill incorporating the Northern Immigration and Colonization Association of

Virginia was passed. The amendment of the Senate to the bill in relation to the militia was agreed to; also the substitute for the bill to protect sheep in Shenandoah county; also the Senate amendment to the bill limiting the indebtedness of cities and

Bills were passed amending an act fixing the times of holding circuit courts; prescribing the duties, powers, liabilities and compensation of district officers, and to repeal chapter 47 and section 1st of chapter 48 of the Code; and for the relief of Philip Timbers, of Culpeper

The bill for leasing the penitentiary was de

[COMMUNICATED.

Retrenchment versus Economy. There seems to be "a great awakening" just now, in certain quarters, about our city finances, and, once more, "Retrenchment" is the ery. It is suspiciously near the municipal election, but we will dismiss the thought that somebody has an axe to grind, and grant that something must be done at once to put our money affairs on a better footing. What is proposed? The Finance Committee of the City Council introduces a bill to reduce the numerical force

of the police, and tells us that this is the prelude to other measures for reducing expenses; XX suggests having but one collector of taxes, and wants a general decrease of salaries, and an investigation into affairs at the Alms House. The first is an experiment which can do us no harm to try, for if we find ourselves insufficient ly protected by sixteen men, we can easily engage sixteen more; but the matter of the collector is one about which more caution is necessary. The collection of taxes constitutes our income, and if we decrease that income five or ten thousand dollars, no saving in expenditure we can hope to make will help us. I do not Collins, William A know, exactly, what the present collectors receive, but will assume that it is \$1,200 each, and that they collect \$45,000 each. Now if we have but one collector at \$1,200 and he collects but \$88,000, we lose \$800. The present collectors have raised more money for us than any of their predecessors, and is it not best for us to Green, Miss Nettie "let well enough alone?" True, one collector Hohenstein, Henry might collect more than two; but is it likely that he will do so? is not the contrary probable? If all tax payers paid up promptly, there would be plenty of money in the treasury; if you make the percentage, for collecting half what it is, you take away half the collectors inducements to make them do so. An investigation into the management of the Alms House, -or any other branch of the public service, -can do no harm; but the reduction of the salaries of our present under paid officials may; we can, no doubt, get somebody to fill each of our offices at any price it may please us to offer, but can we get the capacity and the integrity we have. Three hundred- and stealings-may be a much greater salary than five hundred or even a thousand dollars. If there are any s necures, abolish them, by all means, but remember that "the laborer is worthy of his hire." Small savings on petty salaries won't save us if we are in danger of financial ruin; it is of no use to "hold on to the spigot," while we 'let go at the bung hole," by continuing our present method of disbursement. While half a dezen or a dezen officials, and as many chairmen of committees "with power to act," can

direct the Auditor to issue his warrant for whatever they think proper to expend, we have only their personal honesty between us and traudulent expenditure; and we all know there have been dishonest men elected to office, as there may be again. Even now, can we be sure that all these dozen or two of people expend the money judiciously? If we can, we have been fortunate indeed in our selection of officers. I am not much of a financier, (were I such a one as George Peabody or Rothschild I don't think I could understand the finances of our Corporation.) but it seems to me that the way to make a proper estimate is to see what money we have received from a certain tax, on an average, for several years past, and then apportion and appropriate that amount for the several items of expenditure necessary, letting no man spend more than is appropriated, eith-

er to make tolerable streets impassable, or to give jobs to his friends. If we do this, and by conforming strictly to the law in our assessments and tax bills, put ourselves in a position to make every man pay his taxes, we shall soon be in a better financial condition without starying our officials. COMMUNICATEL. XX wants retrenchment, and talks about

sinecures. The laborer that works on the coal wharves at \$1.50 per day enjoys more of a sinecure than any officer of this corporation. and the reducing of the salaries of the few officers who get over \$50 per month would not be a drop in the bucket. A few hundred might be saved in salaries by exchanging experienced officers for green hands, and ten times the difference be lost to the corporation by the exchange. There is nothing more operous than the duty of collecting taxes. People do not call and pay their taxes always, as XX seems to think. Day after day, and week after week, in the hands of the tenant to pay the tax on real estate, and when this fails sell the perthat now appear to want paving, and that sev- Alexandria, Va, mar 10-tf

eral thousand dol'ars might be saved to the corporation. This plan worked very well previous to the war. And another one of our expenses might be managed so as to reduce it from five thou-and to twenty-five hundred dollars. XX can easily investigate it if he choses. I think he knows what it is Some go so far as to say we should reduce the interest on corporation bonds fifty per cent.

M. P. CONFERENCE .-- In the M. P. Conference, in session in Baltimore, yesterday, Dr. D. W. Bates, presented a report of the committee on dividing the conference district, reporting that in their opinion the time had not arrived to divide the conference. The report was adopted.

A resolution from the last-conference to abacdon free entertainment of ministers and delegates at the conferences was laid on the table. D. W Bates submitted report of committee on the case of Rev. John Eiderdice, deceased,

recommending an allowance to his widow. Dr. L. W. Bates, from committee on church property, reported that owing to the difficulty in getting the ministers to have titles examined Gauge Railway Company on certain conditions they were unable to make a full report, and the committee was continued.

A. Baker, W. C. Lipseomb, T. McCormick, A Richard and T. A. Moore was continued as supernumeraries.

The president was authorized to appoint a committee to consider all applications for supplies outside of the conference. Reports from the following superintendents

of missions were submitted and read : J. E. T. Ewell, Edicott City; I. T. Atkins, Accomae, and E. R. McGregor, Alexandria. Rev. Dr. Southerland appoint-

ments for preaching by ministers of the conference at a large number of the Methodist church s in Washington, Alexandria and other

The committee on church deeds was instructed to submit a plan by which property now held or hereafter acquired shall be secured for the use of the denomination.

A resolution, offered by H C. Cushing, providing that itinerant ministers who have served twenty-five years may retire from active work without detriment to their claims or those of their families upon the superannuated fund, was adopted. The constitution was amended to 1. quire a service of five years instead of three in the innerancy before becoming a claimant upon the fund.

GERMAN IMMIGRANTS. - The German colony recently established near Big Island, in Bedford county, last week received several valuable additions to its numbers, and yesterday evening sixteen persons, including men, women and children, arrived in the city, en reute to that place. They will leave this evening for their new homes.

We learn that negotiations are now in progress looking to the purchase of a large bound ary of land adjoining the tract lately purchased by this colony, and that many families are pre pairing to follow those who have already arrived from Fatherland. - Lynchburg Virginian.

Dogs GONE INTO THE CALF TRADE. - The dogs in Madison county have given up their traffic in the sheep business and gone into the of the Little River Turnpike, containing 331 calf trade. Mr. Wm. L. Early had a very fine calf killed on the 1st by three dogs who had gone into partnership in the slaughtering business. Mr. E's son got on their track, and brought down one, but the other partners escaped. - Piedmont Virginian.

## LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Alexandria, Va., Postoffice March 13, 1875. Persons calling for letters will say they are advertised and give the date of the list. If not called for within thirty days, they will be sent to the dead letter office, in Washington.

Atmstrong, Miss Leana Lewis, Miss Rosa Benton, Chas W, 2 Clinton Arthur W Lier, Henry Millan, James Casseday, Miss Mary Morriss, Miss Anna Carter, Miss Mary Merchant, Mrs Ann Merchant, Mrs Anna Minever, Miss Jennie Cook, William Petty, Mrs Sarah Peters Mi s Lizzie W Davis, Kate Powell Thomas Fisher, B Fisher, William Richards, Daniel C Fruston, John M Gray, Miss Pinkie Grigsby, Frederick Green, Mrs Marg't E Henry, John Ha per, Miss Jennie Honson, Mary J. col Hicks, Miss Susie

Hall, Andrew

James, Thos A, 2

Jett Mrs Leticia

mh 13-1t

Reeves, M Sayles, John Strait, George Snyder, Mrs C Scott, Kose Smith, Mrs Mil'ia Thornbury, Joseph Thornley, Miss Gert Wood, William Webster, Emuel Wheat, Major Frank Warren, D Washington, W, col Johnson, Mrs Eliza J Waite, Miss Mary G Jackson, Miss Emma W. N. BERKLEY, P. M.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, March 13 .- Wheat is active and very firm for choice lots; offerings of 692 bushels red, with sales at 110 for ordinary, 117 for good, and 123, 125, 126, 128 and 130 for prime to choice. Corn is firm, and prices are a shade better; offerings of 846 bushels, with sales of white at 83, and mixed at 81 and 82. Oats are in moderate enquiry, with sales at 67.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, MARCH 13.

Sun rose...... 6 15 | Moon sets...... 0 11 Sun sets ...... 6 5, High water ...... 0 00

ARHIVED. Steamer Sue, Baltimore, to Broders & Co. SAILED.

Steamer Pilot Boy, Curricman, by F A Reed. MEMORANDA

Steamship New York will sail from Philadelph a for this port on Monday. from Rockland, Maine, on the 3d instant, with ice, and was to load with coal at the wharves of the Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co.

## MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, March 9th, by Rev. A J. Porter, P. E. Richmond District, at the resi dence of the bride's father (Win. P. Speer) near Fairfax C. H., Va., Mr. JOHN E. EVANS, of the Virginia Conference M. E. Church, to Mrs. ESTHER OPHELIA ROBERTS.

## DIED

Near Centreville, March 6th, 1875, of consumption, MILES BRAMBLEE, aged 64 years, rison Emmerson. A crelit will be given on month and 5 days. Near Manassas, on the 6th of March, after

ling-ring illness, which she endured with Christian resignation, Mrs. SUSAN W. CLARK, consort of Mr. Wm. A. Clark, in the 53d year Suddenly, on the 8th instant, at her home

near Brentsville, Mrs. MARY CORNWELL at an advanced age. On the 8th of February, in Coles township, Price William county, Miss LUCY KEYS, daughter of Mr. Thomas Keys, in the 19th year

At the residence of his mother, at Gainesville on Monday, the 8th of March, 1875, THOMAS B. GAINES, of pneumonia, in the 29th year of his age.

In Washington, on the 12th instant, after slingering illness, Ja MES J. GIB. ON, colored aged 32 years, 6 months and 11 days. This funeral will take place from his late residence. Sunday morning, at 10 .. clock, March 14th, to proceed to Alexandria, Va.

A CARD.—Circumstances rendering it desirable that I should locate in Baltimore, I have transferred my DENTAL PRACTICE in Alexandria to DR. D. N. RUST. He has been CARD .- Circumstances rendering it defor so many years associate I with me as to need sonal, and after the real estate for taxes. I no introduction or endorsement, his skill, ability made her debut as a public reader at the Farish will not presume to distate to the City Council and reputation for nonesty and high integrity House, on Thursday night of last week. Mrs. hew they should reduce the expenses of the being well known. I cordially commend him

A LEXANDRIA & FREDERICKSBURG RAILWAY, AND ALEXANDRIA & WASHINGTON

RAILROAD. ALKXANDRIA AND FREDERICKSBURG RAILWAY

After MARCH 17th, 1875, trains will run as follows: Leave Southward from Alexandria & Freder. icksburg depot at 12.07 a. m. Southern Express daily, except Monday. The Southern Express runs through to Rich mond without change, connecting at Richmond for all points South.

Leave Northward from Alexandria & Freder.

cksburg depot at 4.42 a. m. Northern Express daily, except Monday, through North and West. The Northern Express run through to Baltimore, without change, connecting with trains on the Northern Central Railway for the North and West.

ALEXANDRIA AND WASHINGTON RAILBOAD. After JANUARY 3, trains will run as fol-

ows, daily, except Sunday: Leave Alexandria for Washington, from St Asaph street depot, at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 and 11.00 a. m.; and 1.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00. and 7.00 p. m. Trains leaving at 8.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m. rut

daily; all others daily except Sunday.

The trains leaving Alexandria at 7, 8 and 11 a.m., 3, 4,6 and 7 p.m. connect through to Balti-more. The 7 and 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. trains connect at Washington with through New York

Leave Washington for Alexandria from passenger depot, cor. 6th and B streets, at 6.00 .00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, and 11.00 a. m.; and 1.00 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 p. m. Trains leaving at 9.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. rui

daily; all others daily except Sunday.

Trains leaving Washington at 7, 9 and 10 s.m. 1, 8, 5, 6, 7 and 11:38 p. m. connect with trains from Baltimore. The 7 a.m., and 5, 6 and 11.38 p. m. trains deliver passengers from New York. Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railway trains leave passenger depot, cor. 6th and B sts.,

at 11.38 p. m. Southern Express for Richmond and all points South TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK.

Leave Alexandria at 7.00 a. m., and 11.00 a m., and 4 and 7 p. m.

Leave Washington at 8:0 a. m., and 1.18, 4.53 and 9.08 p. m. Train leaving Alexandria at 4 p. m. connects with train leaving Washington at 4.53 p. m. for Philadelphia, arriving at Philadelphia at 10.45

p. m. Tickets to Philadelphia and New York can be obtained at the St. Asaph street depot. GEO. C. WILKINS, Sup't. D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen. Pas. Agent. [mh. 13

By Green & Wise, [Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.]

OMMISSIONERS SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VA., AND IN FAIRFAX COUNTY, VA .- Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court for the city of Alexandria, Va., rendered at the September term, 1874, thereof, in the suit of Stover vs. Irwin, etc., the subscribers, as commissioners of sale, appointed by the

on THURSDAY, the 15th day of April, 1875, at 12 m., in front of the Market Building, on Royal street, in the city of Alexandria, Va., the following described property, to wit:
No. 1-A TRACT OF LAND, in Fairlax county, Virginia, near the property formerly known as "Cloud's Mill." and about four mile from the city of Alexandria and one mile north

said decree, will offer for sale at public auction.

acres. This tract of lands adjoins the land of George Auld and others No. 2—A LOT OF GROUND, with the BUILDINGS, thereon, situated at the southwest intersection of Prince and Alfred sts., in the city of Alexandria, Va., in front on Prince street 123 feet 5 inches, and extending south-wardly in depth 176 feet 7 inches, with the right of way over an alloy and court binding on said lot on the west -subject to an annual rent charge

Terms of Sale: So much of the purchase noney in cash we will be requisite t costs of suit and expenses of sale, and the residue in three equal payments at one, two and thace years from the day of sale; the deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by the bonds of the purchasers,

with approved security, and the retention of the title until they are paid WILLIAM H. PAYNE, JOHN M. ORK, M. D. BALL, ALBERT STUART,

Commissioners of Sale mh li -ots By Green & Wise, [Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.]

OMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.-Pursuant to decree of the Corporation Court for the city of Alexandria, Va., rendered at the December term, 1874, thereof, in the suit of George B. Cochran vs Benjamin Thomas' widow and administratrix, etc., the subscriber, as commissioner of sale under said decree, will offer for sale at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 15th day of April, 1875, at 12 m., in front of the Market

andria, Va, a TENEMENT and LOT OF GROUND, in the said city of Alexandria, situated at the southwest intersection of Payne and Cameron streets, in front on Payne street sixty feet one inch. and in depth 123 feet 5 inches, the same being the premises now occupied and used by James Grigg as a roap factory.
Terms of Sale: \$500 in cash, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal payments

Building, on Royal street, in the city of Alexandria, Va, a TENEMENT and LOT OF

at 6, 12 and 18 months from the day of sale, with interest; the deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with approved security, and the retention of the title until they ALBERT STUART, are paid. mh 13-eots Comm'r. of Sale. A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE.-I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on TUES-

DAY, the 25th day of March, (if fair, if not, the next fair day,) at the late residence of Stonnell, deceased, ALLOF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY of decedent consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Implements, four Mules, one fine young Horse, sev-eral Milch Cows, lot of fine young Hogs, one Wagon and a cart with harness, and a quant ty of Hay, Straw and Oats, with other aricles too numerous to mention.

Terms; Fifty dollars and under, cash; over that sum negotiable notes, payable at ninety days, satisfactorily endorsed, will be required. days, satisfactority emics. Sale to commence at 10 a. m. C. F. SUTTLE.

Administrator, with the will annexed, of Wm. mar 13-ts Stonnell, deceased. FOR SILE OR MENT.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE LOT, containing about three scres and a half of ground, and a COM-FORTABLE BRICK HOUSE, nearly new. The property is near the Stone Bridge, in West End, adjaining the residence of Mr. Har-

part if defired For particulars enquire of C. AUGUR, West End. FOR RENT-The DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT—The DWELLIAGE BY No. 15 south A fred sireet, containing eight

rooms, and bath room; also with stable in the rear. Apply to E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO. mar 10- eo1m FOR RENT.-BRICK WAREHOUSE

FOR RENT.—BRICK WAREHOUSE No. 34 King street, next to Leatherland's coal yard. Possession given immediately. Also STORE No. 114 King street, Marshall House Building, now occupied by Henry Wildt. Possession April 34. Enquire of mh 4-1m L. GENTZBERGER & SON.

FOR SALE OR RENT-The LARGE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, covered with slate, on the east side of Royal street, between Prince and Duke, now occupied by Rev. Dr. Mitchell. For terms apply to CHAS. R. HOOFF.

## NEW GOODS.

We have just received a choice lot of HAM-BURG FDGINGS, of desirable patterns; also a fine selection of Fancy Dress Buttons, Windsor Ties, Ribbons, &c. From this time torward we will be receiving new goods every day.

FERGUSON'S Hair Depot,